The Office Action mailed November 27, 2005, has been reviewed and carefully

considered. Claims 1, 6 and 12 have been amended. Claims 1-15 are pending in the

application.

In paragraph 2 on page 2 of the Office Action, claims 1-15 were rejected under 35

U.S.C. § 112, first paragraph as being based on a disclosure that is not enabling. The

Office Action stated that the claims include "performing an initial burnishing operation",

which is not included in the specification.

Applicants respectfully traverse the rejection but in the interest of expediting

prosecution have amended claims independent claims 1 and 6 and dependent claim 12 to

overcome the rejection. Applicant respectfully submits that the amendment to claims 1, 6

and 12 do not narrow the scope of the claims, but rather merely clarify the invention

Moroever, Applicants respectfully submit that claim 11 was improperly rejected

as claim 11 does not included the identified language that is allegedly not included in the

specification. Thus, the rejection with respect to claim 11 should be withdrawn.

In paragraph 2 on page 2 of the Office Action, claims 1, 2, 4-7, 9-12, 14 and 15

were rejected under § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Egan et al. in view of Haddock.

In paragraph 3 on page 4 of the Office Action, claims 3, 8 and 13 were rejected

under § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Eagan et al. and Haddock in further view of

Smith.

Applicants respectfully traverse the rejection.

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Egan et al. fail to even mention measuring an MR resistance for a head. Rather,

Eagan et al. monitor for a high fly write condition. To identify the fly high write

condition, Eagan et al. identifies when a low frequency range signal is present.

Accordingly, Egan et al. do not measure MR resistance.

In addition, Eagan et al. focus on monitoring a high fly write condition. The high

fly write condition occurs when the write head increases in temperature thereby causing

the write pole to protrude.

Accordingly, Eagan et al. are not relevant to measuring a heads fly height, but

rather is only relevant to measuring a high fly write condition. Eagan et al. only detects a

condition that occurs when the wirte pole protrudes; not when the fly height does not

meet a fly height specification.

Eagan et al. also do not determine when a measured MR resistance indicates that

the head has clearance. Eagan et al. do not measure MR resistance. Rather, Eagan et al.

determines when a low frequencu range signal is present. Thus, because Eagan et al.

does nto measure MR resistance, Eagan et al. cannot determine when the measured MR

resistance indicates that the head has clearance.

Accordingly, Eagan et al. fails to teach, disclose or suggest the elements recited in

independent claims 1, 6 and 11.

Haddock and Smith fail to overcome the deficiencies of Eagan et al. Haddock

teaches burnishing a wear pad to obtain a desired fly height. However, Haddock fails to

mention measuring an initial MR resistance for a head. Haddock also fails to mention

determining whether the measured MR resistance indicates the head has clearance.

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Smith merely teaches the measurement of absolute clearance between the MR

transducer and the medium is for a nominal medium-transducer velocity. Smith suggests

changing the velocity of the medium to identify a velocity that results in a desired fly

height. However, Smith fails to disclose, teach or suggest measuring an initial MR

resistance for a head to perform an initial burnishing cycle.

Accordingly, Eagan et al., Haddock and Smith, alone or in combination, fail to

disclose, teach or suggest Applicants' invention as recited in independent claims 1, 6 and

11.

Dependent claims 2-5, 7-10 and 12-15 are also patentable over the references,

because they incorporate all of the limitations of the corresponding independent claims 1,

6 and 11, respectively. Further dependent claims 2-5, 7-10 and 12-15 recite additional

novel elements and limitations. Applicants reserve the right to argue independently the

patentability of these additional novel aspects. Therefore, Applicants respectfully submit

that dependent claims 2-5, 7-10 and 12-15 are patentable over the cited references.

On the basis of the above remarks, it is respectfully submitted that the claims are

in immediate condition for allowance. Accordingly, reconsideration of this application

and its allowance are requested.

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If a telephone conference would be helpful in resolving any issues concerning this communication, please contact Attorney for Applicant, David W. Lynch, at 423-757-0264.

Chambliss, Bahner and Stophel 1000 Tallan Building Two Union Square Chattanooga, TN 37402 423-757-0264 Respectfully submitted,

Name: David W. Lynch

Reg. No.: 36,204